## **Complaints Concerning Instructional Materials**

BP 1312.2

### **Community Relations**

The Governing Board uses a comprehensive process to adopt district instructional materials that is based on selection criteria established by law and Board policy and includes opportunities for the involvement of district staff, parents/guardians, <u>educational rights holders</u>, and community members, and, as appropriate, students. Complaints concerning the content or use of instructional materials, including textbooks, supplementary instructional materials, library materials, or other instructional materials and equipment, shall be properly and fairly considered using established complaint procedures.

Parents/guardians/<u>educational rights holders</u> are encouraged to discuss any concerns regarding instructional materials with their child's teacher and/<u>or then with</u> the school principal. If the situation remains unresolved, a complaint may be filed using the process specified in the accompanying administrative regulation and exhibit.

The district shall accept complaints concerning instructional materials only from staff, district residents, or the parents/guardians/educational rights holders of children enrolled in a district school. (Education Code 35160)

However, a complaint related to the use or prohibited use of any existing textbook, instructional material, supplemental instructional material, or other curriculum for classroom instruction, or any book or other resource in a school library that alleges unlawful discrimination based on a violation of Education Code 243 shall be filed, investigated, and resolved in accordance with Board Policy 1312.3 - Uniform Complaint Procedures.

When deliberating upon challenged materials, the Superintendent, or any designee or committee established by the Superintendent to review the materials, shall consider the degree to which the materials aligned with the criteria for instructional materials as specified in law, Board policy, and administrative regulation. In addition, such deliberations may consider the educational philosophy and vision of the district; the educational suitability of the materials including the manner in which the materials support the curriculum and appropriateness for the student's age; the professional opinions of teachers of the subject and of other competent authorities and/or experts; reviews of the materials by reputable bodies; the stated objectives in using the materials; community standards; the allegations in the complaint, including the extent to which the objections are based on the dislike of ideas contained in the materials; and the impact that keeping or removing the materials would have on student well-being.

The Superintendent, or any designee or committee established by the Superintendent to review the materials, shall not prohibit the continued use of an appropriately adopted textbook, instructional material, supplemental instructional material, or other curriculum for classroom instruction, or any book or other resource in a school library on the basis that it contains inclusive and/or diverse perspectives, as specified in Education Code 243.

If the complainant finds the Superintendent's or review committee's decision unsatisfactory, the complainant may appeal the decision to the Board.

Any challenged instructional material that is reviewed by the district shall not be subject to further reconsideration for 12 months, unless required by law.

Complaints related to the sufficiency of textbooks or instructional materials shall be resolved as specified in Administrative Regulation 1312.4 - Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures.

**Complaints Concerning Instructional Materials** 

AR 1312.2

**Community Relations** 

### **Step 1: Informal Complaint**

If a staff member, district resident, or parent/guardian, or educational rights holder of a student enrolled in a district school has a complaint regarding the content or use of any specific instructional material, such individual shall be encouraged to informally discuss the material in question with the classroom teacher of record. If after meeting with the teacher of record, the complainant is not satisfied with the outcome, they shall be encouraged to informally discuss the material in question with the school site principal. The Director of Community Resolution and Outreach may also be contacted.

### **Step 2: Formal Complaint**

If the complainant is not satisfied with the principal's initial response, the complainant shall present a written complaint to the principal. Complaints regarding printed material shall name the author, title, and publisher and shall identify the objection by page and item numbers. In the case of nonprinted material, written information specifying the precise nature of the objection and location of such material shall be given. In order for the district to reply appropriately, complainants shall sign all complaints and provide identifying information. Anonymous complaints will not be accepted.

Upon receiving a complaint, the principal shall provide the complainant with a written acknowledgment of its receipt and respond to any procedural questions the complainant may have. The principal shall then notify the Superintendent or designee, the teacher(s), and other staff including, but not limited to the Director of Community Resolution and Outreach as appropriate.

During the investigation of the complaint, the <u>use of the</u> challenged material may <u>remain in use be suspended</u> until a final decision has been <u>reached made</u>.

### **Step 3: Review Committee**

The Superintendent or designee shall determine whether to convene a review committee to review the complaint.

If the Superintendent or designee determines that a review committee is necessary, the Superintendent or designee shall appoint a committee composed of administrators and staff members selected from relevant instructional and administrative areas. The Superintendent or designee may also appoint parents/guardians, educational rights holders, students, and community members, as appropriate, to serve on the committee.

The Superintendent or designee may provide training to the review committee to ensure that the review committee is informed regarding its responsibilities, the criteria to follow when reviewing instructional materials, and applicable laws, Board policy(ies), and administrative regulation(s).

Within 30 days of being convened, the review committee shall summarize its findings in a written report. The Superintendent or designee shall notify the complainant in writing of the committee's decision within 15 days of receiving the committee's report.

#### **Step 4: Superintendent Determination**

If the Superintendent or designee determines that a review committee is not necessary, the Superintendent or

designee shall, in a timely manner, issue a decision regarding the complaint.

## **Step 5: Appeal to the Governing Board**

If the complainant remains unsatisfied, the complainant may appeal the Superintendent's or review committee's decision to the Board. The Board's decision shall be final.

## **Request for Reconsideration of Existing Instructional Materials**

Exhibit1312.2-E (1)

## **Community Relations**

This form is only for use by district employees, district residents, or parents/guardians/<u>educational rights holders</u> of children enrolled in a district school to challenge the content or use of any existing textbook, instructional material, supplemental instructional material, or other curriculum for classroom instruction, or any book or other resource in a school library.

Date:		
Name of person filing complaint:		
Anonymous complaints will not be accepted.		
Group represented (if any):		
Phone:		
E-mail address:		
Address:		
Instructional Material Being Challenged:		
Title:		
Author:		
Publisher:		
Date of Edition:		
Name of school/classroom instructional material was used:		
1. Have you discussed your concerns regarding instructional materials with your student's teacher? If so, what was the outcome of that conversation?		

2. Have you discussed your concerns regarding instructional materials with the school Principal? If so, what was the outcome of that conversation?

<u>3.</u>	Please specifically state the nature of your concern or objection and identify your objection by page, website, webpage and/or link, recording or digital sequence, video frame, or words, as appropriate. You may use additional pages if necessary.		
<u>4.</u>	Was the instructional material of concern read/heard/viewed in isolation or was the entire selection read/heard/viewed? If the entire selection was not read/heard/viewed, what is your estimate regarding the percentage of the amount read/heard/viewed?		
<u>5.</u>	What is your concern regarding the consequence if a student reads/hears/views the instructional material? In your assessment, is the instructional material appropriate for the age of the students being taught?		
<u>6.</u>	What would you like the school to do about the instructional material?		
Sig	nature of complainant		
For	District Use:		
Red	quest received by:		
<u>Dat</u>	e:		
<u>Titl</u>	<u>e:</u>		
Act	ion taken:		
<u>Dat</u>	Date:		

## **Supplementary Instructional Materials**

### BP6161.11

#### Instruction

The Governing Board encourages the use of supplementary instructional materials to enrich the curriculum and enhance student learning. Such materials shall be aligned with district goals, curriculum objectives, and academic standards and shall supplement and not supplant the use of Board-adopted basic instructional materials that serve as the primary learning resources.

Supplementary instructional materials include, but are not limited to, instructional materials that are designed to serve one or more of the following purposes: (Education Code 60010)

- To provide more complete coverage of one or more subjects included in a given course
- To meetprovide for meeting the various learning ability levels of students in a given age group or grade level
- To meetprovide for meeting the diverse educational needs of students with a language disability in a given age group or grade level
- To meetprovide for meeting the diverse educational needs of students reflective of a condition of cultural pluralism
- To use current, relevant technology that further engages interactive learning in the classroom and beyond Supplementary materials may be selected by the Superintendent or designee, school administrators, or

Supplementary instructional materials may be selected by the Superintendent or designee, school administrators, or teachers, as applicable, and obtained through donations to the district and/or available funding sources designated for these purposes.

The use of any supplemental instructional material shall not be rejected or prohibited by the Board or district on the basis that it includes a study of the role and contributions of any individual or group consistent with the requirements of Education Code 51204.5 and 60040, unless such study would violate Education Code 51501 or 60044. (Education Code 243)

As appropriate, supplementary instructional materials shall meet the criteria developed for the selection and evaluation of basic instructional materials as described in AR 6161.1 - Selection and Evaluation of Instructional Materials.

Supplementary instructional materials shall be directly related to the course of study in which they are being used and shall be appropriate for the age and maturity level of the students.

The use or reproduction of supplementary instructional materials shall be in accordance with federal copyright law.

### **Appropriateness of Materials**

Whenever a district employee proposes to use a supplementary resource which is not included in the approved learning resources of the district, the employee shall preview the material to determine whether, in the employee's professional judgment, it is appropriate for the grade level taught and is consistent with district criteria for the selection of supplementary instructional materials.

The employee shall confer with the Superintendent or designee as necessary to determine the compliance of the material with district criteria. The primary considerations should be the educational value, factual accuracy, appropriateness, including whether the material contains pervasive vulgarity or profanity, and relevance of the materials, as well as the ages and maturity of the students.

The Superintendent or designee may provide training to administrators and teachers in the selection and evaluation of supplementary instructional materials, including the criteria to be utilized and applicable legal considerations.

### **Complaints**

Complaints concerning supplemental instructional materials shall be handled in accordance with Board Policy 1312.2 - Complaints Concerning Instructional Materials and Board Policy 1312.3 - Uniform Complaint Procedures, as applicable.